

(iv) determine the % of the offspring from couple 6 and 7 who carry the gene. 50%

their offspring.  $A\ A$  and  $Aa$

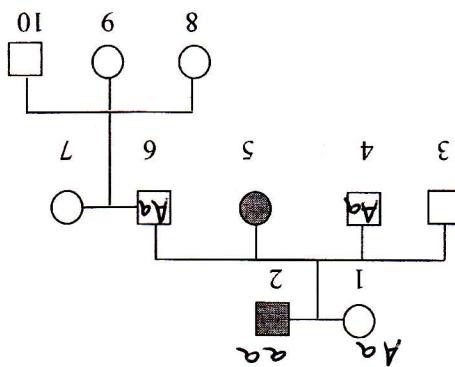
(iii) a homozygous normal individual 7 is mated with individual 6. List possible genotypes of

(ii) what is the probability the individuals 1 and 2 will have albino offspring? 50%

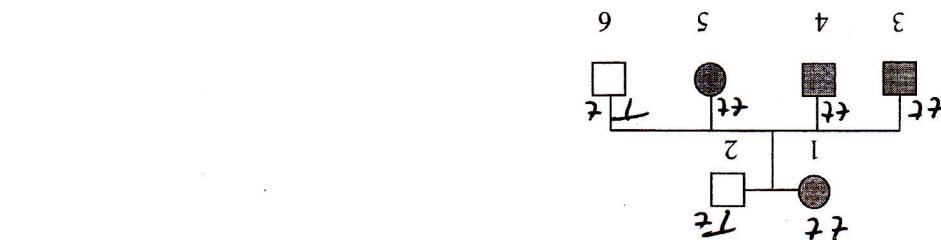
(i) write the genotype of individuals 1, 2 and 4.

$Aa$	$Aa$	$A\ A$
$A$		
$a$		
$A$		

$Aa$	$Aa$	$A\ A$
$a$		
$Aa$		
$A$		



Q15. An albino male is crossed with a normal coloured female. Albinism is a recessive condition. A stands for normal pigmentation, and a stands for albinism.



genotypes of all individuals in the pedigree.

(ii) If T stands for tongue-rollers and t stands for non-rollers, write down the

(i) Write down what type of inheritance does the pedigree show. dominant + recessive

Q14. An extended family has mapped their ability to roll their tongue using a pedigree.

A, T, C, G

Q13. List the bases that make up the 'rungs' on DNA. Indicate which bases go together.

(ii) the percentage of offspring showing the recessive feature. 14%, 25%  
 (i) the percentage of offspring showing the dominant feature. 3/4; 75%

<u>R</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>R</u>
<u>R</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>R</u>
<u>R</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>R</u>